

Diplomatic Protocol – Bachelor Level

Goals of the Course | Course Structure | Assessment Criteria | Course Schedule

Wednesday 13:30 – 15:00, I tydzień | Room: C101

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Goals of the Course:

- The *aim* of this subject is to familiarise students with diplomatic protocol issues, international relations, international diplomacy and international studies.
- The course is designed for those who want to gain professional knowledge of planning, coordinating and managing high level visits. It provides the necessary background in diplomatic protocol, appropriate behaviour, handling emergencies and dealing with foreign firms. The background assures effective learning outcomes for all students.

Course Structure:

- The course is divided into two parts:
 1. The first part provides an introduction into diplomacy and the theory of international relations and negotiations.
 2. The second part deals with the practice of diplomacy and negotiations, per se. The course provides a discussion of global issues and current world problems, such as peace and security and international trade. It discusses cases of successful diplomacy and failed diplomacy. It also avails a forum in which teams of students speak on behalf of an assigned country on a variety of selected issues to expand their understanding of diplomacy, global geopolitics and international relations.
 - The course is designed to help students acquire:
 1. Substantive knowledge of:
 - a) Historical evolution of diplomacy
 - b) Theoretical and practical aspects of diplomacy
 - c) Role and effectiveness of diplomacy in international negotiations
 - d) Theory and practice nexus in international negotiations
 - e) Factors that facilitate cooperation or foster competition in international negotiations.
 2. Practical skills in:
 - a) Understanding the essence and objectives of diplomacy
 - b) Appreciating the art of and ingredients for successful international negotiations
 - c) Conducting independent research using a wide range of sources and engaging in practical negotiations in teams representing respective country positions
 - d) Using appropriate style and a correct reference system;
 - e) Developing effective public speaking, presentation, leadership and teamwork.
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Assessment Criteria:

Calculated into a total of *100 marks* (and converted into a percentage). The following percentile breakdown will be allocated for grading:

5.0 points:	90—100 %	[A]
4.5 points:	80—89 %	[B+]
4.0 points:	70—79 %	[B]
3.5 points:	60—69 %	[C+]
3.0 points:	50—59 %	[C]
2.0 points:	>50 %	[F]

1. **[30 %]** – **Research Essay**
2. **[15 %]** – **Presentation #1 – Diplomatic historic events**
3. **[15 %]** – **Presentation #2 – African simulation of diplomatic land claim disputes**
4. **[40 %]** – **Final Exam – June 2019**
5. **[3 %]** – **Attendance is required** – *Bonus marks – added to the 100 mark total*

Detailed Breakdown of Assessment Criteria:

1. [30 %] – Research Essay

Students are required to choose one international issue: *peace and security* or *international trade* and provide analysis of its historical context, an assessment of the present state of play and recommendations on the way forward.

▪ Essay Requirements:

2000 words (not including References), 12 pt. New Times Roman font, 1.5 spacing

- Papers should have a title page with (your name, the course module and the paper title)
- Each page of the manuscript should be numbered
- A bibliography using *American Psychology Association* (APA) referencing format (author, year of publication)

▪ Contents of the Research Essay:

- A research question that is clear, simple and straightforward. It may be a theoretically inspired, empirical or factual question. The research question may change and be adapted as your research progresses. Additional empirical or theoretical information may force you to reformulate or to fine-tune it in-line with your findings. *Irrespective of eventual changes your initial research question should be as clear as possible.*
- Proper headings of the research paper.
- A bibliography, References, using APA citation format

2. [15 %] – Presentation #1 – Diplomatic historic events

Four/Five-person Groups will present the following diplomatic events – 9-minute PPT, no videos









Topics:







- Fischer debate on World War One, explain Fischer’s point of view about why Germany started WWI
- Mason-Overy debate on internal pressures inside Nazi Germany, explain using Mason’s reasoning on the internal domestic pressures for the state of WWII
- The Cold War, Superpowers – what were the strengths of Soviet Russia and why did they think they would win
- The Cold War, Superpowers – Cuban Missile Crisis
- The Cold War, Superpowers – President Reagan victory over Gen Sect. Gorbachev to end the Cold War and the fall of the Iron Curtain
- Byzantine diplomacy, after the fall of the Rome, how did it maintain relations with all these actors: the Persians, Georgians, Iberians, the Germanic peoples, the Bulgars, the Slavs, the Armenians, the Huns, the Avars, the Franks, the Lombards, and the Arabs
- Diplomatic history of Australia, explain the shift in dependence from Britain to the United States
- Diplomatic history of World War I, explain the Allied war goals and creation of the New Nations: Poland, Ukraine, three Baltic states, Czechoslovakia
- Diplomatic history of World War II, explain: Yalta Conference
- Diplomatic history of World War II, explain: Tehran Conference
- Foreign relations of imperial China, explain (briefly) from the *Qin* until the *Qing* dynasty, the Silk Road
- History of Japanese foreign relations
- Creation of the State of Israel, explain all the players involved up to its declaration of independence on 14 May 1948

3. [15 %] – Presentation #2 – African simulation of diplomatic land claim disputes

- Four/Five-person Groups will be made of two-person Teams
- each two/three-person Team will state their land claim dispute against the other two/three-person Team
- each two/three-person Team will have 4-minute claim, followed by a 2-minute rebuttal.
- No PPT

Note: Recognise, analyse and explain why particular issues exist based on legal, ethical, economic, socio-cultural, political or security factors, and adopt or reject the different diplomatic points of view

1	Chagos Archipelago	 United Kingdom  Mauritius	United Kingdom administers the archipelago as part of the British Indian Ocean Territory.
2	Ilemi Triangle	 Kenya  South Sudan	De facto controlled by Kenya. Ethiopian tribes have used and made raids in the land, but the Ethiopian government has never made a claim to it, agreeing it was Sudanese in 1902, 1907 and 1972 treaties.
3	Islands in Mbamba Bay, Lake Nyasa	 Tanzania  Malawi	Lundo Is. and Mbambo Is. are claimed as part of the lake, as Malawi claims to the shore based on 1890 Anglo-German treaty.
4	Orange River border line	 Namibia  South Africa	Namibia claims the border lies along the middle of the river, while South Africa claims it lies along the north bank.

5	Socotran Archipelago	 Yemen  Somalia	Somalia, while not formally claiming the archipelago, asked for the United Nations to look into "the status" of the Socotran archipelago (i.e., whether or not it "should" belong to Yemen or rather Somalia).
6	Mbañie Island, Cocotiers and Congas Island	 Gabon  Equatorial Guinea	Contested islands in Corisco Bay, valuable for their oil.
7	Kpéaba village area (near Sipilou/Siquita)	 Ivory Coast  Guinea	The Guinean military occupied this village for 1 month from January to February 2013, before withdrawing in preparation of talks. In December 2016, Guinea soldiers and civilians attacked the village, killing 1 and wounding several others, before returning to their side of the border. According to the Guinean Minister of Defence, the Guinean army had been asked not to send any soldiers to this area and had no involvement in this incident.

4. [40 %] – Final Exam – June 2019

- Based on the lectures, readings and simulation presentations

5. [3 %] – Attendance is required – Bonus marks – added to the 100 mark total

- 3 marks for attendance to all classes
- 0 marks with 1 absence
- -3 marks with 2 absences
- -6 marks with 3 absences
- ...if you will have more than 3 absences you will lose an additional -3 marks for each absence

TOTAL: 100 MARKS

Course Schedule:

Week	Date	Subject	Task description
1	20 02	Lecture 1	1. Historic development and diplomatic varieties Reading: (1) Quigley, C. – <i>Tragedy And Hope: A History Of The World In Our Time</i> , 1966, pp. 1196-1311 (2) Sen, B. – <i>Diplomacy In The Historical Perspective And The Third World</i> , 1976, pp. 72-97
2	27 02		
3	06 03	Lecture 2	2. Diplomatic rules and international law Reading: (3) Hurd, I. – <i>International law and the politics of diplomacy</i> , 2015, pp. 31-54
4	13 03		
5	20 03	No Class: Rector's Day	
6	27 03		
7	03 04	Lecture 3	3. Diplomatic historic events PRESENTATION #1 – 15 %
8	10 04		
9	17 04	Lecture 4	4. Diplomatic privileges and immunities Reading: (4) United Nations. – <i>Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations 1961</i> , Entered into force on 24 April 1964, pp. 1-16
10	24 04		
11	01 05	No Class: Labour Day	
12	08 05		
13	15 05	Lecture 5	5. Diplomatic correspondence, foreign service and forms of diplomatic work Reading: (5) Foreign Service Institute, US DOS – <i>Protocol for the Modern Diplomat</i> , 2013, pp. 1-29 RESEARCH ESSAY – 30 %
14	22 05		
15	29 05	Lecture 6	6. African simulation of diplomatic land claim disputes PRESENTATION #2 – 15 %
16	05 06		
17-19	–	10 06 – 30 06: Final Exam	FINAL EXAM – 30 %

Relevant Reading List and Websites:

- Reading to keep abreast of current affairs:

Economist, *Financial Times*, *International Herald Tribune* and *Foreign Affairs*

- Scholarly research journals:

Diplomacy and Statecraft, *Global Governance*, *European Journal of International Relations*, *International Peacekeeping*, *Cooperation and Conflict*, *Security Dialogue*, *International Affairs*, *International Interaction*, *International Studies Review* and *Studia Diplomatica*

Council of Foreign Relations (New York) <http://www.cfr.org/thesource/>

Foreign Affairs Literature <http://www.foreignaffairs.org/envoy/>

U.S. Institute of Peace Highlights <http://www.usip.org/>

Virtual Diplomacy Fact Sheet http://198.5.6.201/oc/virtual_dipl.html

Peace and security integrated Internet guide <http://www.cfsc.dnd.ca/links/>

U.S. Dept of State Home page <http://www.state.gov/>

The Electronic Embassy <http://www.embassy.org/>

Middle East Institute <http://www.mideasti.org/>

National Security Website <http://www.nationalsecurity.org/>

Defense Link <http://www.dtic.mil/defenselink/>

Economic Growth Data <http://www.worldbank.org/html/prdmg/grthweb/datasets.htm>

Business demographics http://www.unc.edu/courses/kenan/App_Dem/index.htm

International Studies Assn Site <http://www.isanet.org/>

American Diplomacy <http://www.unc.edu/depts/diplomat/>

Center for International Science and Technology Policy <http://www.gwu.edu/~cistp/>

Center for Science and International Affairs <http://ksgweb.harvard.edu/csia/>

Defense Science & Technology <http://www.dtic.mil/dstp/>

National Defense University <http://www.ndu.edu/>

Science, Technology and Public Policy <http://ksgweb.harvard.edu/iip/stpp.html>

Israeli intelligence Briefings <http://www.debka.com/>

I. Other Relevant Articles Online:

Collins, Liam. *United States Diplomacy with Pakistan following 9/11. A CASE STUDY IN*

COERCIVE DIPLOMACY. 16 May 2008. Available at <http://www.diplomatshandbook.org/pdf/Diplomat's%20Handbook.pdf>

Cooke, Jennifer G. and Richard Downie. *African Conflicts and U.S. Diplomacy. Roles and Choices. A Report of the CSIS Africa Program and the*. Januray 2010. Available at <http://www.fas.org/sgp/crs/row/RL34141.pdf>

Cull, Nicholas J. 'Public Diplomacy' Before Gullion: *The Evolution of a Phrase*. n.d. Available at <http://uscpublicdiplomacy.org/pdfs/gullion.pdf>

Dongxiao, CHEN. "Contemporary Challenges to China's Multilateral Diplomacy and Global Governance." *International Review* (n.d.). Available at http://www.sis.org.cn/Sh_Yj_Cms/Mgz/200804/200932615537BJZ8.PDF

Diplomacy: The U.S. Department of State at Work. Department of States Publication, June 2008. Available at http://gendocs.ru/docs/20/19312/conv_1/file1.pdf

Glassgold, Stacy Michelle. *PUBLIC DIPLOMACY: THE EVOLUTION OF LITERATURE*. 01 December 2004. Available at <http://fpc.org.uk/fsblob/35.pdf>

Gowan, Richard. "Multilateral Political Missions and Preventive Diplomacy." December 2011. Available at http://www.uclg.org/sites/default/files/20070400_cdsp_paper_pluijm.pdf

Jonsson, Christer and Martin Hall. *Essence of Diplomacy*. New York: PALGRAVE MACMILLAN, 2005. Available at <http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/46839.pdf>

Leonard, Mark. *Public Diplomacy*. London, 2002. Available at http://csis.org/files/publication/100115_Cooke_AfricanConflicts_Web.pdf

Melissen, Jan. *Beyond the New Public Diplomacy*. October 2011. Available at <http://www.princeton.edu/research/cases/coercivediplomacy.pdf>

MOR, BEN D. *Public Diplomacy in Grand Strategy*. University of Haifa, 2006. Available at <http://www.usip.org/files/resources/SR299.pdf>

Nakamura, Kennon H. and Susan B. Epstein. *Diplomacy for the 21st Century: Transformational Diplomacy*. August 23, 2007. Available at http://icswww.leeds.ac.uk/papers/pmt/exhibits/2747/FPA_25.pdf

Nicholas, Cull, J. *Public Diplomacy: Lessons from the Past*. FIGUEROA PRESS, 2009. Available at http://hrcolumbia.org/peacebuilding/diplomatic_history.pdf

Palmer, Mark and Jeremy Kinsman. *A DIPLOMAT'S HANDBOOK for Democracy Development Support*. April, 2008. Available at http://www.clingendael.nl/publications/2011/20111014_cdsp_paper_jmelissen.pdf

Phillips, David L. *DIPLOMATIC HISTORY: The Turkey-Armenia Protocols*. March 2012. Available at <http://uscpublicdiplomacy.org/publications/perspectives/CPDPerspectivesLessons.pdf>

Pluijm, Rogier Van der and Jan Melissen. *City diplomacy: The expanding role of cities in international politics*. April 2007. Available at <http://hpeb08.files.wordpress.com/2008/08/putnam.pdf>

Putnam, Robert D. *Diplomacy and Domestic Politics: The Logic of Two-Level Games*. The MIT Press, Summer 1988. Available at http://uscpublicdiplomacy.org/pdfs/Stacy_Literature.pdf

Stringer, Kevin D. "Discussion Paper in diplomacy. Honorary Consuls in Small State Diplomacy: Through Liechtenstein's Lens." *Hague Journal of Diplomacy* (February 2011). Available at http://www.clingendael.nl/publications/2011/20110200_cdsp_paper_kstringer.pdf

II. Books:

- Abba Solomon, Eban, . Diplomacy for the next century / Abba Eban. New Haven : Yale University Press, c1998., n.d.
- Dean, Acheson., Power and diplomacy. Cambridge : Harvard University Press, 1958., n.d.
- Feilleux, Leguey, and Jean Robert. The dynamics of diplomacy / Jean-Robert Leguey-Feilleux. Boulder : Lynne Rienner Publishers, 2009., n.d.
- Geoff, Berridge. Diplomacy : theory and practice / G.R. Berridge. 4th edition . Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hampshire ; New York : Palgrave, 2010., n.d.
- Geoff., Berridge., Diplomacy : theory and practice / G.R. Berridge. 2nd ed. Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hampshire ; New York : Palgrave, 2002., n.d.
- Henry, Kissinger. Diplomacy / Henry Kissinger. New York : Simon & Schuster, 1994., n.d.
- Jeremy, Black, . A History of Diplomacy [electronic resource]. London : Reaktion Books, 2010, n.d.
- Peter A.G., Bergeijk, . Economic Diplomacy [electronic resource] : Economic and Political Perspectives. Leiden: BRILL, 2011., n.d.

III. Further Recommended Reading:

- Bar-Siman-Tov, Yaacov (2007). Israeli- Palestinian conflict: from conflict resolution to conflict management. Palgrave Macmillan, Gordonsville, VA, USA (ebook) Caldwell and Williams, chapter 10, pp. 129-143; Kaufmann, pp. 178-207; Steinbruner and Forrester, pp. 1-27
- Caldwell and Williams, chapter 13, pp. 170-181; Sageman; Acharya and Acharya, pp. 75-90 CNS, NPT Briefing Book, Part II, Section Q, "Documents on the Middle East," http://cns.miis.edu/research/npt/briefingbook_2008/pdfs/sectionQ.pdf
- Concepts and Techniques for Conflict Transformation, (Lanham MD: Rowman and Littlefield 2003) Óverview" (pps 1-12), and Mc Donald „The need for multi-track Diplomacy" (pps 49-60) Henry Kissinger, Diplomacy (New York, Simon and Schuster Paperbacks, 1994) Chs 7, 9 and 12
- Consolidated versions of the Treaty on European Union and the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (2010) <http://eurlex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:C:2010:083:0001:0012:EN:PDF>
- David Ronfeldt & John Arquilla "The Promise of Noopolitik" First Monday 12 n. 8-6 (1999/2007). <http://firstmonday.org/htbin/cgiwrap/bin/ojs/index.php/fm/article/view/1971/1846>
- David Hafemeister, "The Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty: Effectively Verifiable," Arms Control Today (October 2008).
- Fareed Zakaria, The Post-American World,(New York/London, W.W.Norton and Co. 2008),Ch.6
- Felix Berenskoetter and Michael Williams (eds.) Power in World Politics (2007).
- Fred Iklé, Every War Must End, rev. ed (Columbia U. Press, 1991).
- George Bunn, "The Nuclear Nonproliferation Regime and its History," chapter 3 in George Bunn and Christopher F. Chyba, editors, U.S. Nuclear Weapons Policy. (Brookings, 2006).
- George P. Shultz, William J. Perry, Henry Kissinger, and Sam Nunn. "A World Without Nuclear Weapons," Wall Street Journal (January 4, 2007 and January 15, 2008).
- Goertz, Gary and Patrick Regan (1997), "Conflict Management in Enduring Rivalries", International Interactions, no. 22, pp. 321-340.
- Henry Kissinger, Diplomacy (New York, Simon and Schuster Paperbacks, 1994) Chs 1, 17 and 28-31
- IISS Towards a regional security regime for the Middle East.
- Janice Mattern "Why „Soft Power' Isn't So Soft: Representational Force and Attraction in World Politics".
- Jim Bryant (2011). Conflict evolution tracking the Middle East Conflict. Group Decision and Negotiation.
- John Davies and Edward Kaufman, Second Track/Citizens" Diplomacy: Niccolo Machiavelli, The Prince, translated by W.K. Marriott Kautilya, The Arthashastra,(London, Penguin Classics).
- John Stoessinger, Nations at Dawn, 6th ed. (McGraw, 1994).
- Jones, R. V., 1978, Most Secret War: British Scientific Intelligence 1939-1945, London: Hamish Hamilton.
- Joseph. S. Nye, The Future of Power, (Philadelphia, Public Books, Perseus Books Group,2011)Chs. 1,2,3,4and 7
- Keith Hamilton and Richard Langhorne, The Practice of Diplomacy, Its evolution, theory and administration, Second Edition (London and New York, Routledge, Taylor and Francis Group, 2011) , Ch. 6,7, and 8
- Mahmoud, Karem. A Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone in the Middle East: Problems and Prospects. Greenwood Press (March 25, 1988), n.d.
- Marco Pinfari (2009). Nothing but failure the Arab League and the Gulf Cooperation Council as Mediators in Middle Eastern Conflicts. London school of Economics Crisis States
- Nabil Fahmy (2001). Prospects for arms control and proliferation in the Middle East. The Nonproliferation Review Viewpoint03.
- Nabil Fahmy (2006). An assessment of international nonproliferation efforts after 60 years. Nonproliferation Review, Vol. 13, No 1.
- Nabil Fahmy (2011). Mindful of the Middle East, The Nonproliferation Review, 18:1, 165-181
- Saburo Ienaga, The Pacific War, 1931-1945 (Pantheon, 1979).
- Sean M. Lynn-Jones, ed., The Cold War and After: Prospects for Peace, expanded ed. (MIT Press: 1993)
- Steven E. Miller et al., eds., Military Strategy and the Origins of the First World War, rev. ed. (Princeton University Press, 1991).
- "The Language of Spying" in Brassey"s Book of Espionage (Brassey"s New York, 1996)
- Thucydides, History of the Peloponnesian War, trans. Rex Warner (Penguin, 1972)
- UN Security Council Resolution S/RES/1904 (2009).
- UN Security Council Resolution S/RES/1822 (2008).
- Wright, Peter, & Greengrass, Paul. 1988 Spycatcher : The candid autobiography of a senior intelligence officer / Peter Wright with Paul Greengrass
-